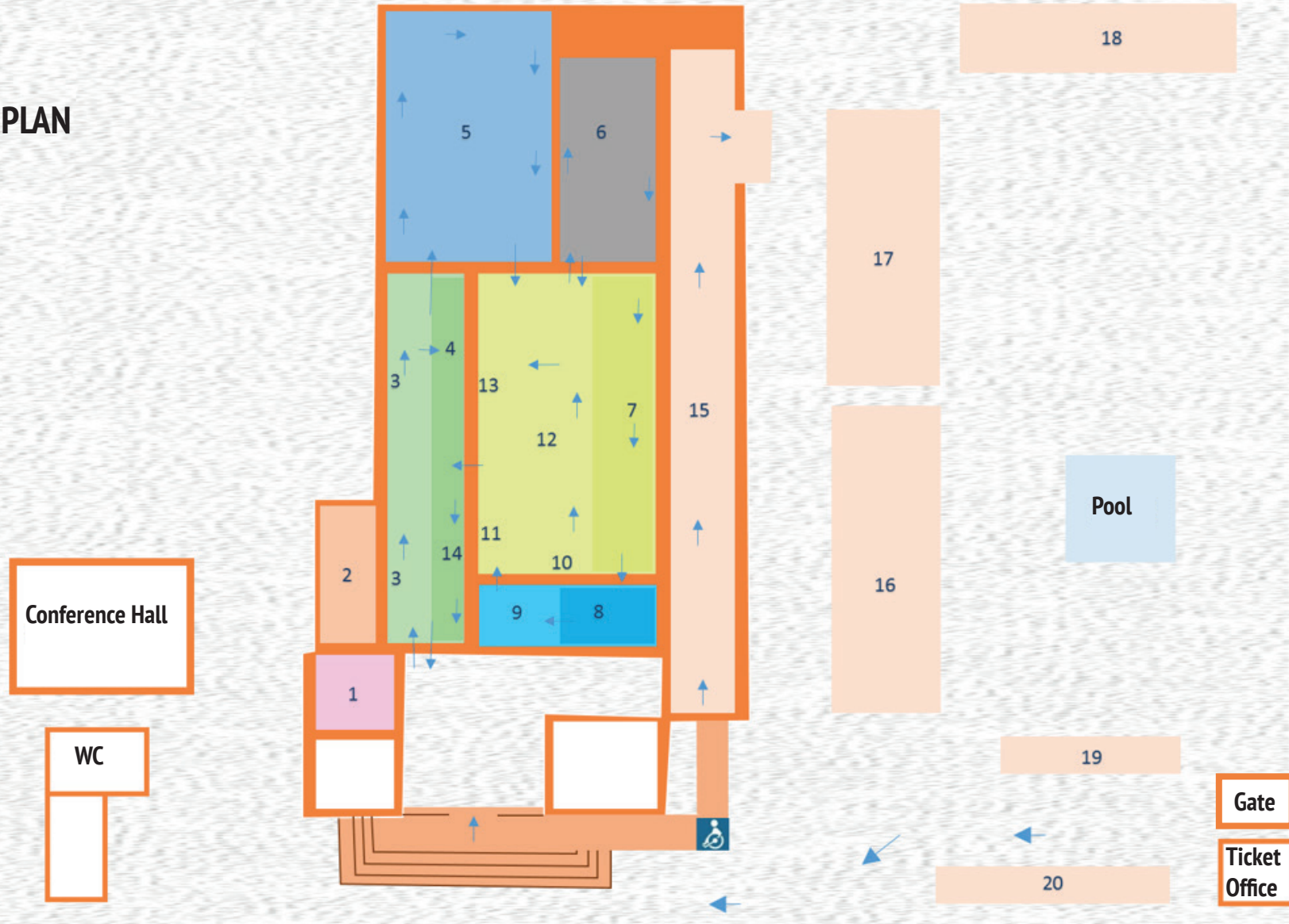


## ALANYA MUSEUM TOUR PLAN

- 1 Children's Activity Room
- 2 Library
- 3 Anatolian Civilizations
- 4 Inscriptions
- 5 Vessels and Maritime
- 6 Heracles
- 7 Thematic Showcases
- 8 Alanya Castle
- 9 Coin
- 10 Alanya Castle Inscriptions
- 11 «Love was ever present.»
- 12 Stelas
- 13 Statues and Busts
- 14 Inscriptions in Karamanli Turkish
- 15 Ossuaries
- 16 Tombstones and Inscriptions
- 17 Capitals
- 18 Agriculture Corner
- 19 Sarcophagi
- 20 Ossuaries



### Visiting Hours

**April 1-October 1**

Opening Time: 08:30

Closing Time: 19:00

Ticket Office Closing Time: 18:30

**October 1-April 1**

Opening Time: 08:30

Closing Time: 17:30

Ticket Office Closing Time: 17:00

Open everyday.

Address: Saray Mahallesi, İ. Hilmi Balcı Caddesi No 2 07400 Alanya-Antalya • Phone: 0242 513 12 28

Please visit the web site for up-to-date information.

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GENERAL DIRECTORATE FOR  
CULTURAL ASSETS AND MUSEUMS



# ALANYA MUSEUM

JOURNEY TO THE HISTORY OF ALANYA



Alanya, one of the most important tourism centers of the Mediterranean with its blue flag beaches, magnificent sea, and hotels, has a history that dates back to Paleolithic Period. The rich historical heritage of Alanya, which came under the rule of various civilizations thanks to its strategic location and port and was a popular settlement in all eras, can be seen at Alanya Museum. The symbol of the Museum, which exhibits artefacts from different periods of Alanya's history, is the bronze cast Heracles Statue, which is believed to have been made in the 2nd century CE.

The statue, which was found on the day of the museum's opening in 1967, is also interpreted as the reason for the museum's opening. So much importance is attached to this statue that a separate section called Heracles Hall was even dedicated to it.

In the Hall of Anatolian Civilizations, works such as urns of daily use, jewelry, funerary objects and sculptures made of bronze, terracotta and various materials dating back to Paleolithic Age are exhibited. The finds of Alanya Castle in the city center of Alanya are also exhibited in a separate section. A unique eight-armed tile with the attributes of Alaaddin-Keykubad and a seal from the same period found in the Inner Castle Palace of Alanya Castle are on display here. Coins from different periods and ancient cities in and around Alanya are exhibited in the coin section adjacent to this section.



In the main hall are showcases under the headings of Religion and Mythology, Commerce in Antiquity, Sports-Health, Figures, Glass Works, and Jewelry are in the main hall. In the gallery section, there are ossuaries, the containers for bones and ashes found in Alanya and its surroundings. In the garden, stone works from Roman, Byzantine, Seljuk and Ottoman periods are exhibited.

In the "Agriculture Corner" in the garden of the museum, it is shown how olive oil was made in ancient times and what kind of tools were used in agriculture.

Roman and Eastern Roman Period decorated capitals, Islamic tombstones, sarcophagi and inscriptions from different periods can also be seen here.



Alanya Museum is one of those places where kids can have a good time and learn a lot at the same time. The museum, which is a good example of contemporary museology, has an activity room for children with interactive applications that show children what archeology is. In the department of ships and shipping, visitors can use a ship's steering wheel to travel to Alanya Harbor and learn about the different vessel types and the loads they carried.